

A circular inset image on the left side of the slide shows a microscopic view of a cell. The cell is stained with various colors, including blue, yellow, and green, highlighting its internal structures. A person's eye is visible in the upper left corner of the circle, looking at the cell.

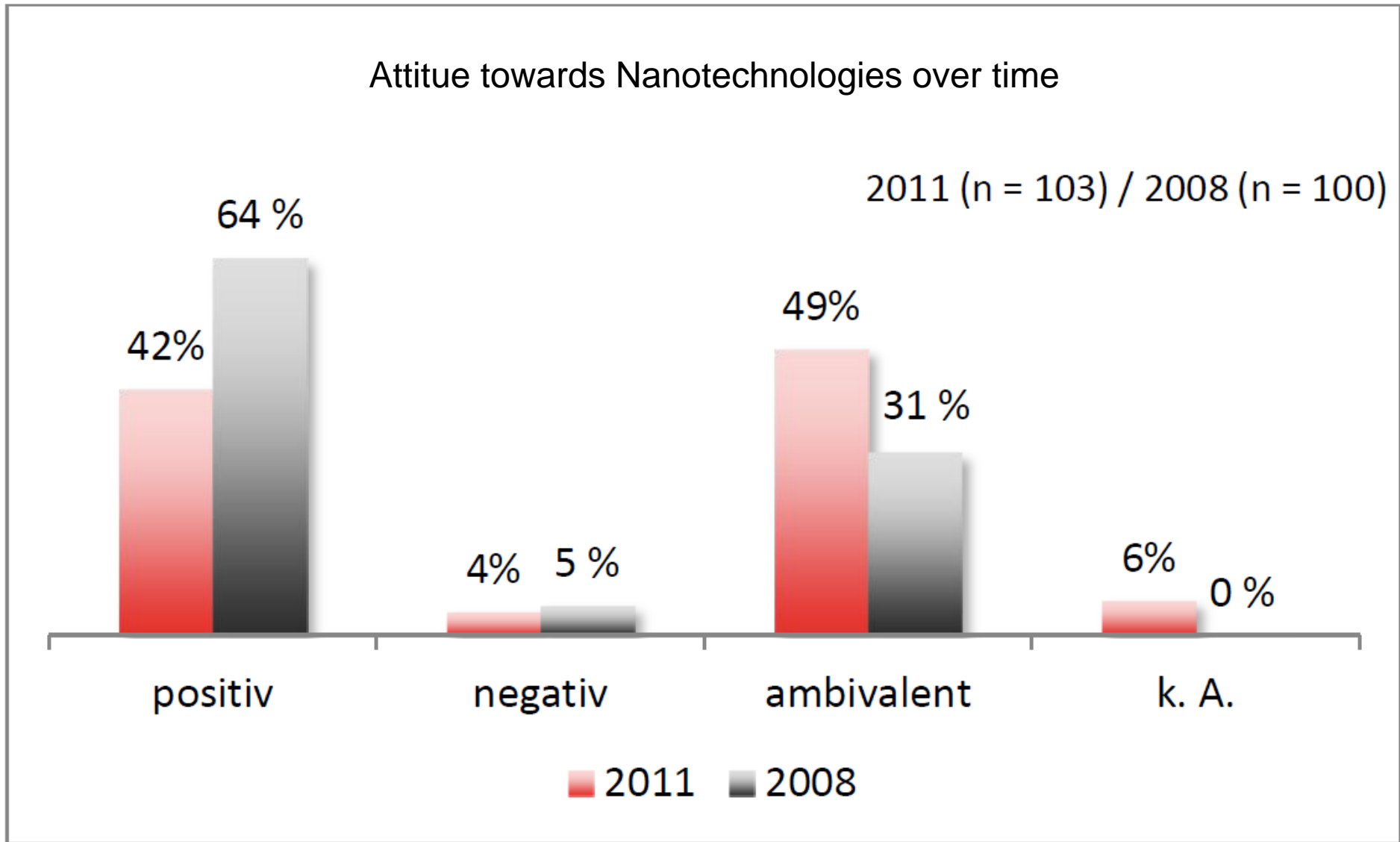
Nanotoxikologie:

eine interdisziplinäre Herausforderung

Dr. Peter Wick
Abteilungsleiter Materials-Biology Interactions,
Empa St. Gallen

Materials Valley, Nanopartikel – Einsatz in der Medizin, Chemie und Verfahrenstechnik
21. Februar 2013, Hanau, D

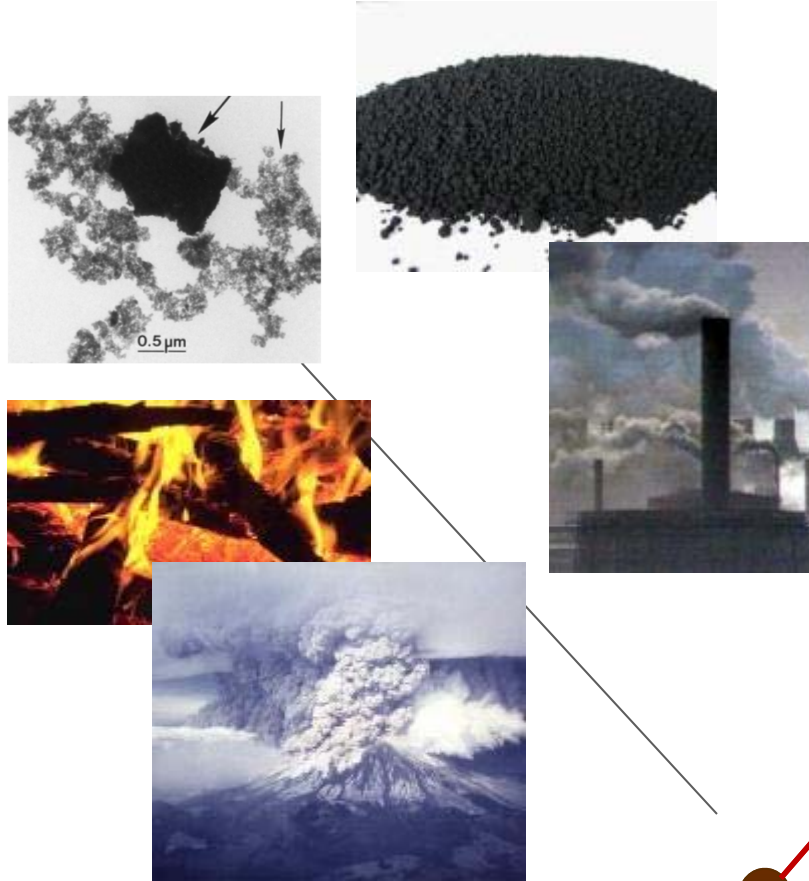
Opinion of public (Germany and Switzerland)



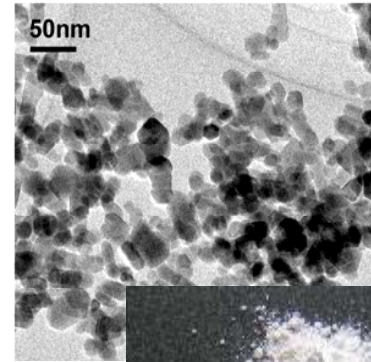
Antje Grobe, Mikko Rissanen, Philippe Funda, Joe De Beer, Uschi Jonas
Nanotechnologien aus der Sicht von Konsumenten (2012), Stiftung RISIKO-DIALOG

Variability of Nanomaterials

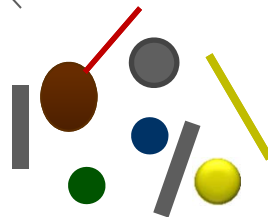
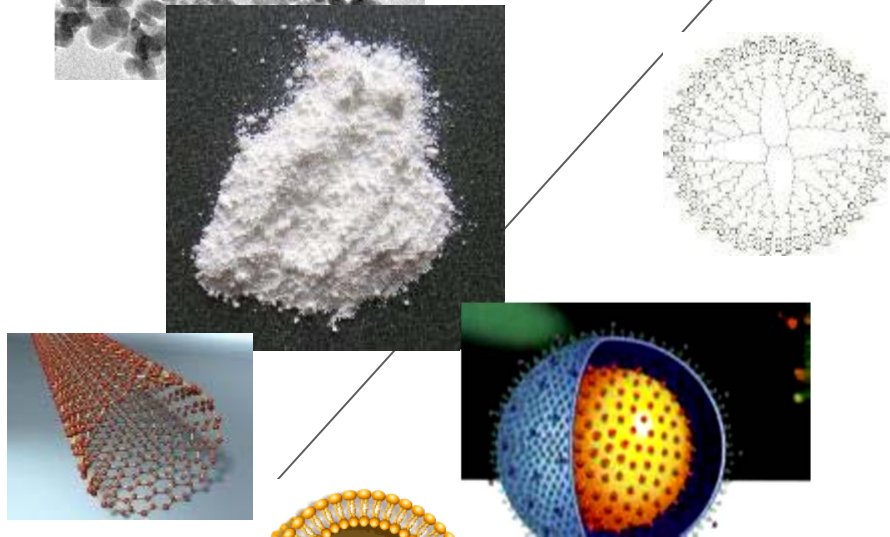
anthropogenic NP



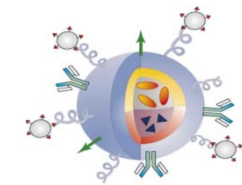
natural occurring NP



(bio)persistent NP

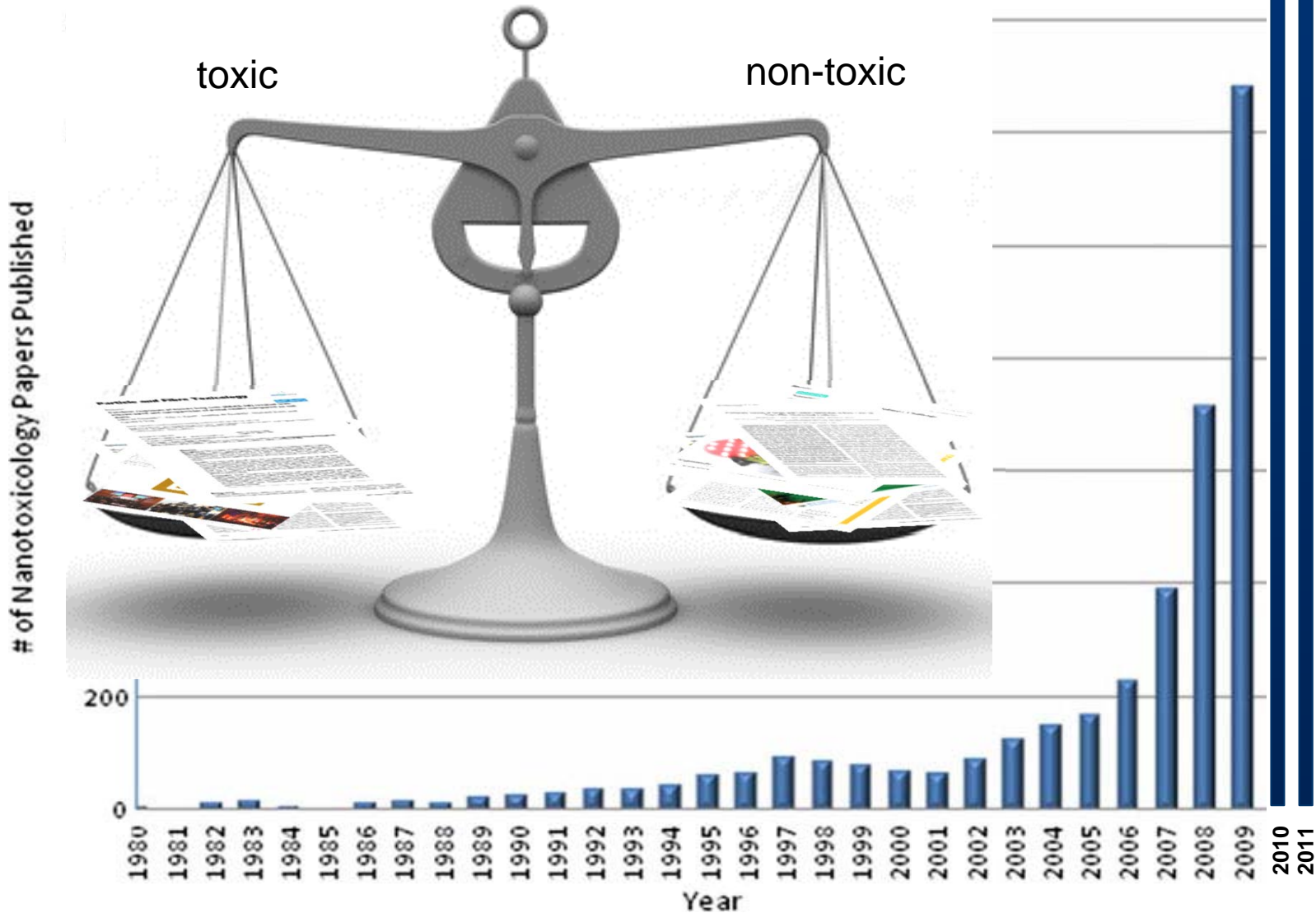


resorbable NP



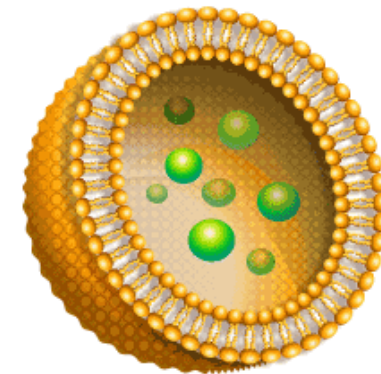
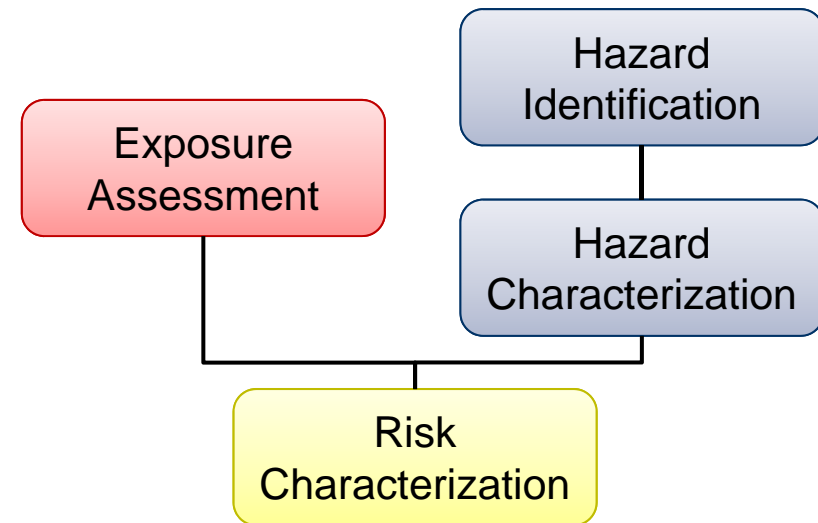
Customized design

Emerging Field of Nanotoxicology

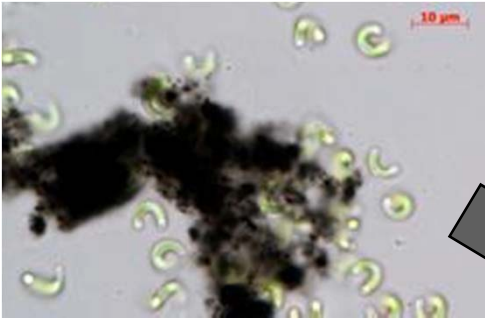


Motivation of the NanoSafety Research

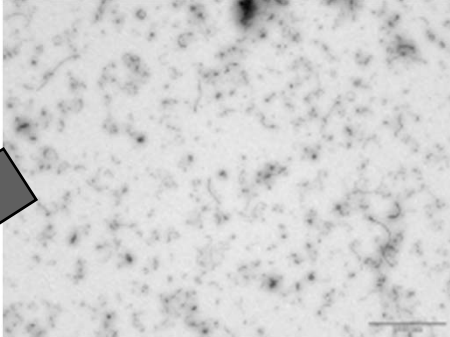
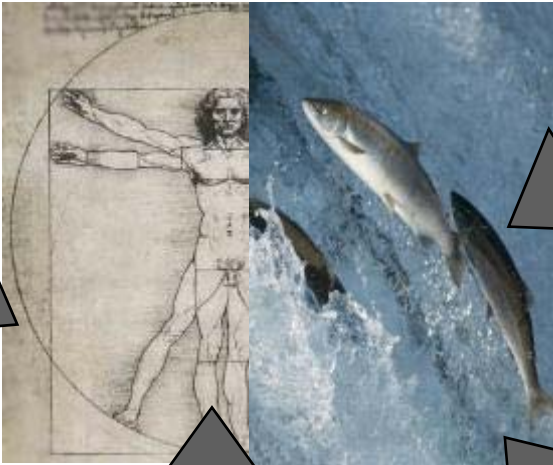
- Contribute to a safe development of nanotechnology
- Analyze possible adverse effects on humans and the environment as early as possible



Environmental Fate and Effects of Nanoparticles



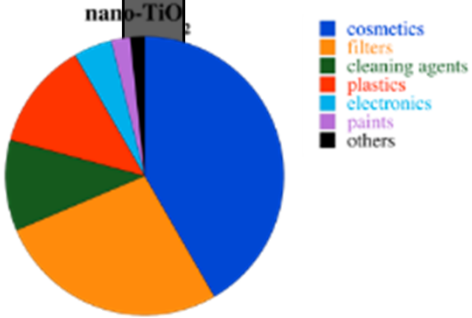
What are effects on organisms?



What is the form and concentration in the environment?



What is the behavior in the environment?

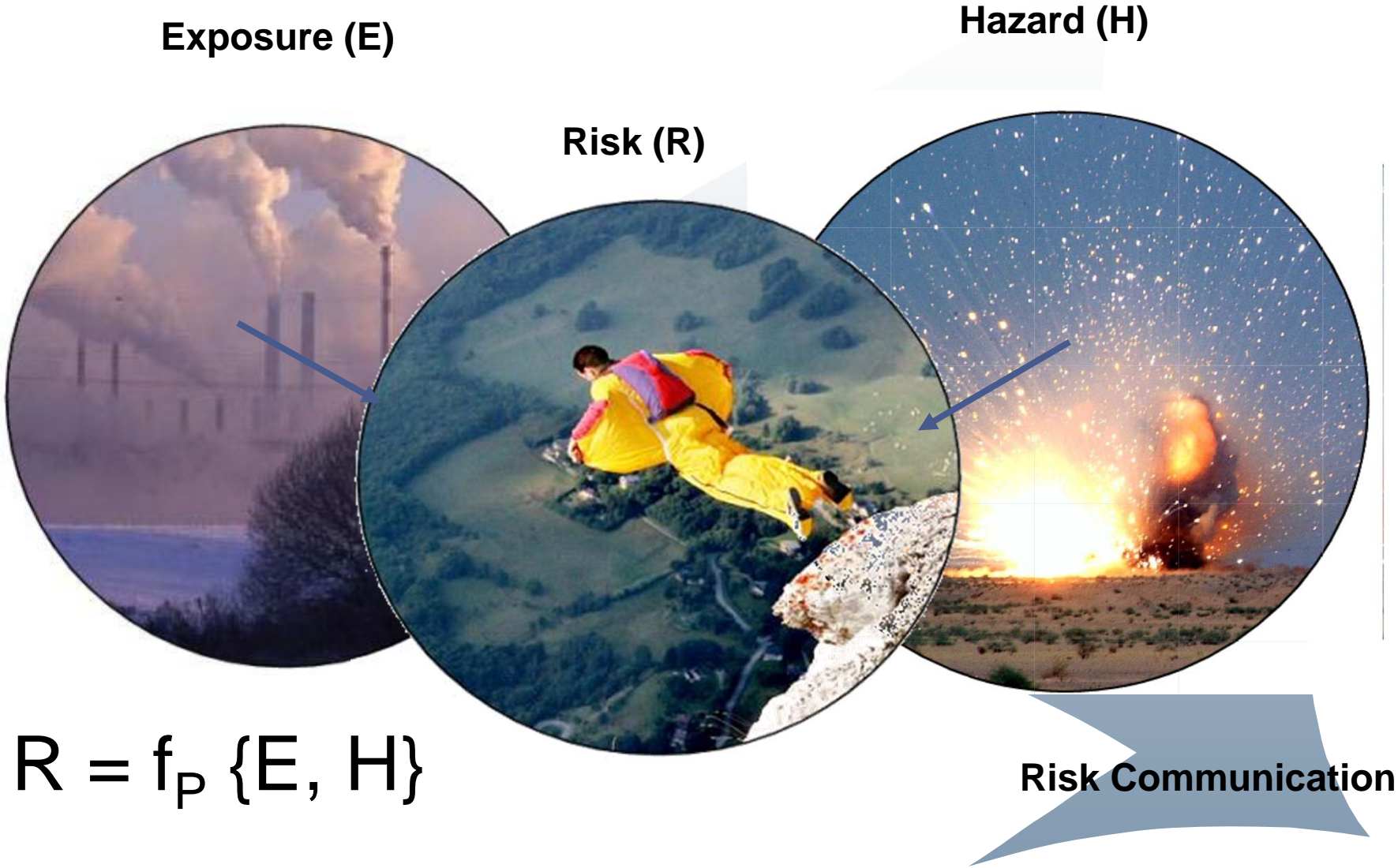


How much NP are used in what products?



How much is released from products, and in what form?

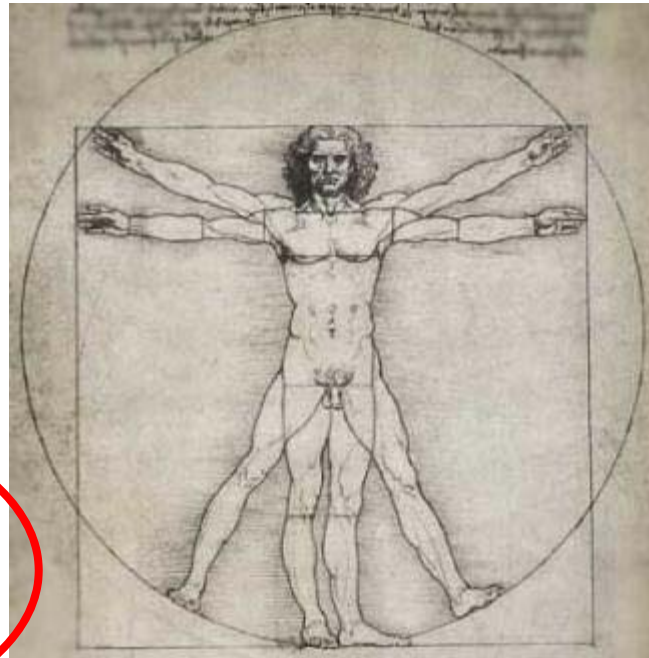
How to assess the safety of 'Nano'?



Exposure scenario and biological effects of ENM

nose:

olfactoric nerve
bypass BBB



lung:

140 m²
air / blood barrier
very thin < 2 μm

injection:

efficient distribution in
the body (4 - 5l cardiac
output per minute)

skin:

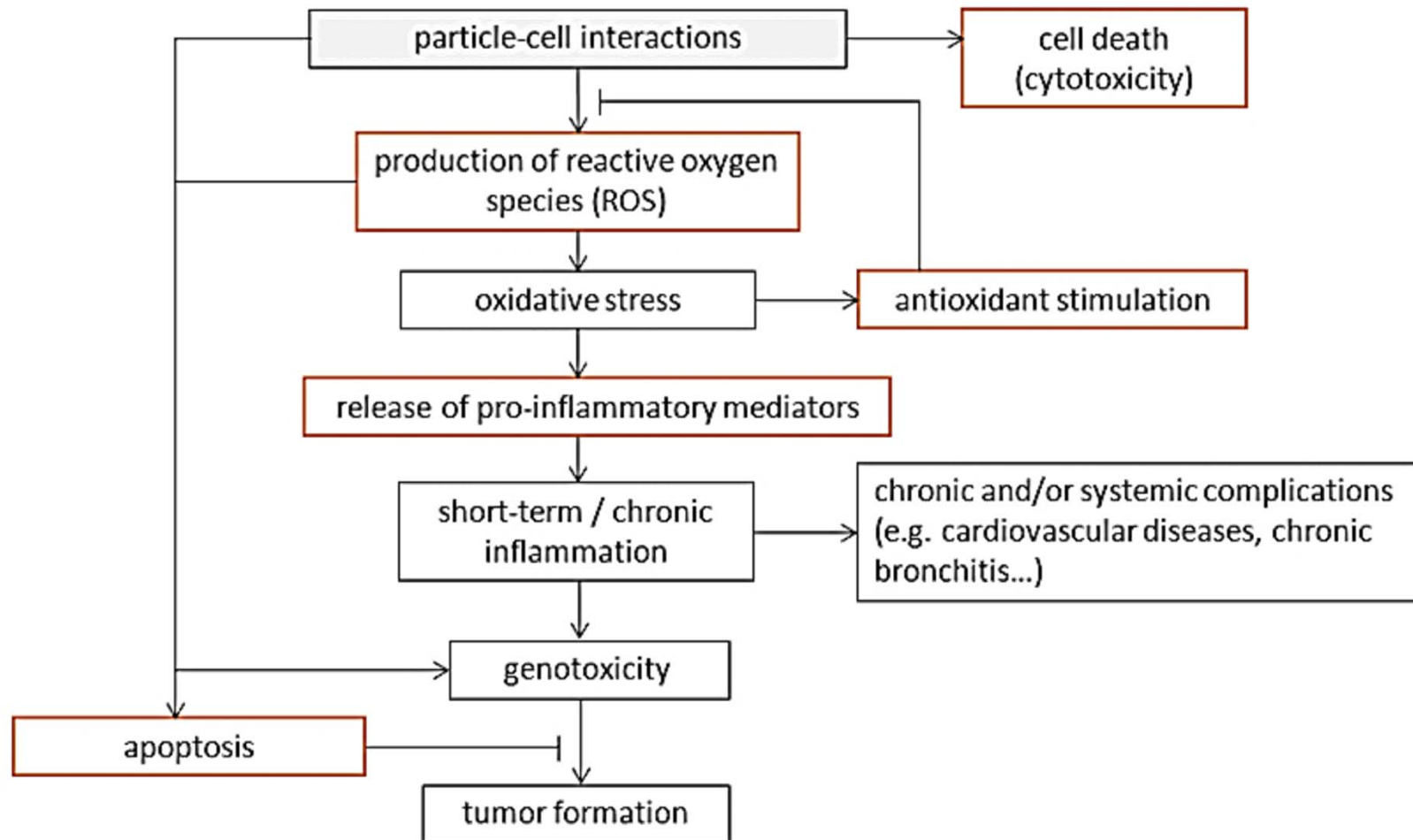
1.8 m²
barrier **very thick**,
epidermis, horny skin

hair follicle	20/cm ²
respiratory glands	150/cm ²
sebaceous glands	15/cm ²

gastrointestinal tract:

surface: 2000m² incl Microvilli
pH 2, intestinal mucosa thick;
distance to blood vessels **big**

Oxidative stress paradigm for ENMs

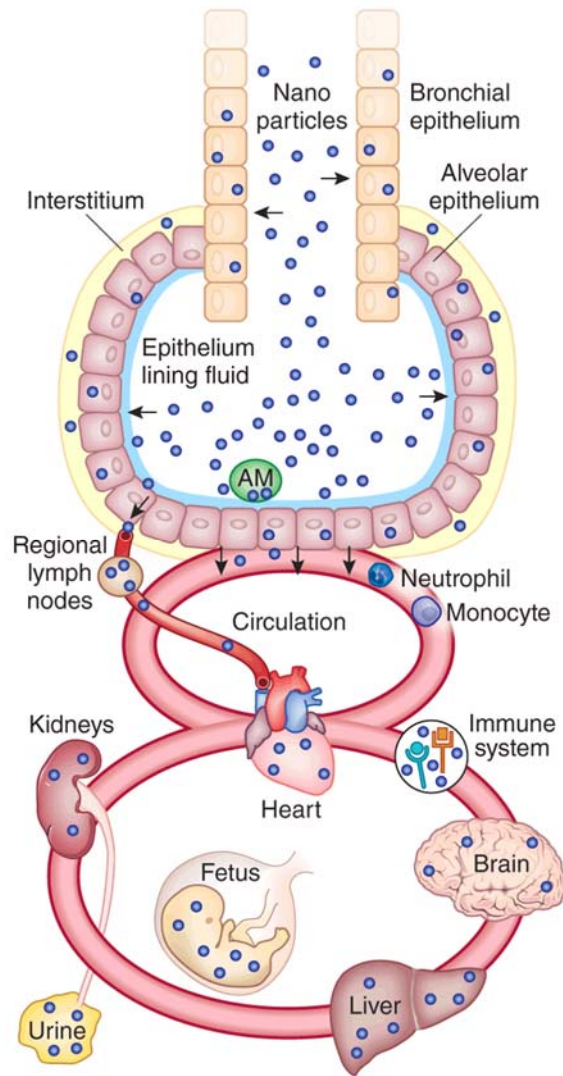


3 Principles of Nanotoxicology

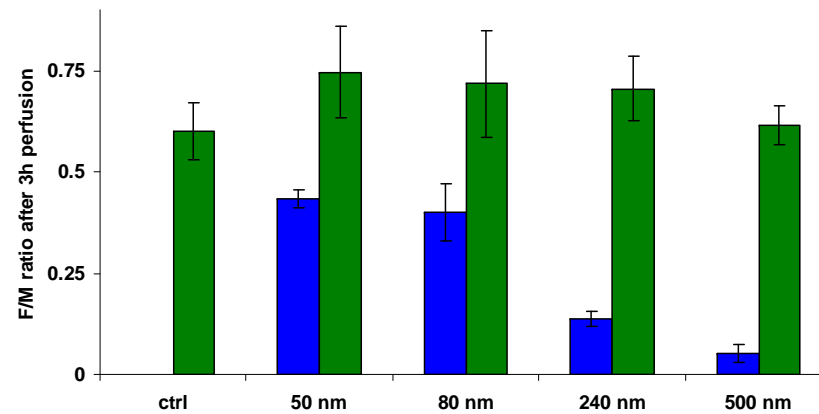
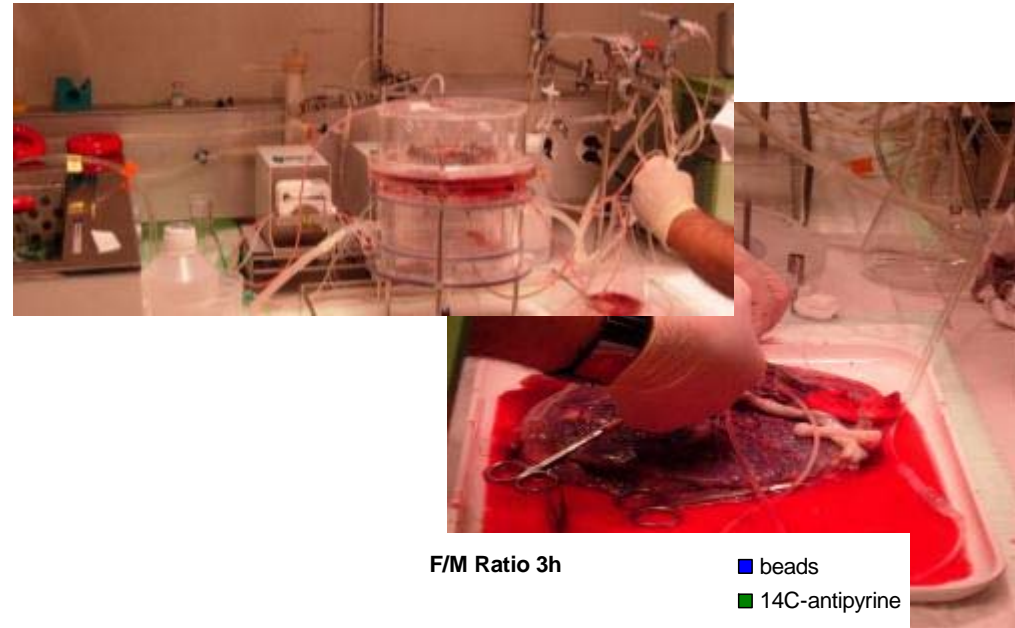
- uptake / transport principle
- surface principle
- material principle



1. Uptake / translocation: Size matters!



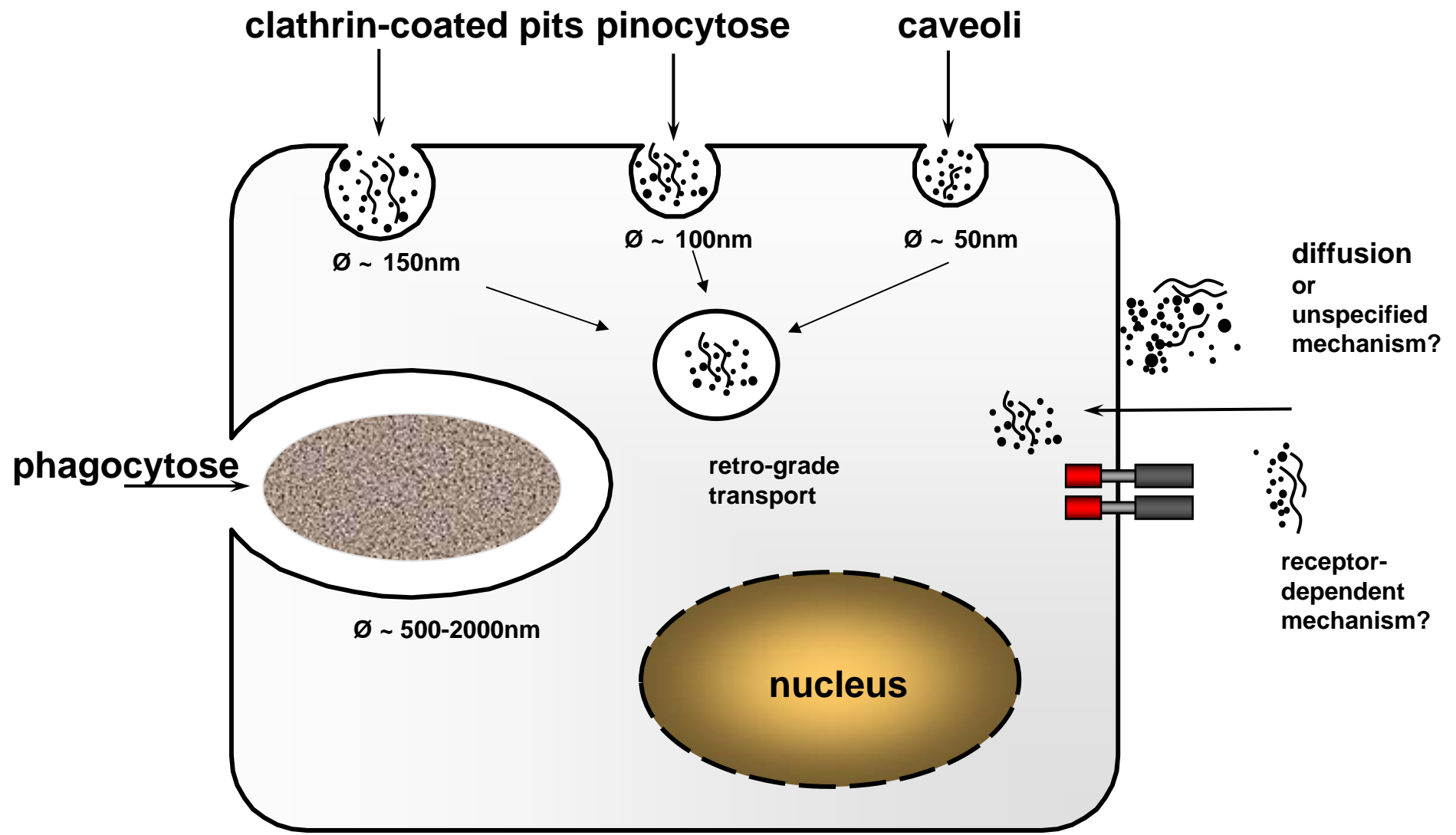
Semmler-Behnke et al 2008;
Kreyling et al 2010



(at least n=4; mean ± S.E.M.)

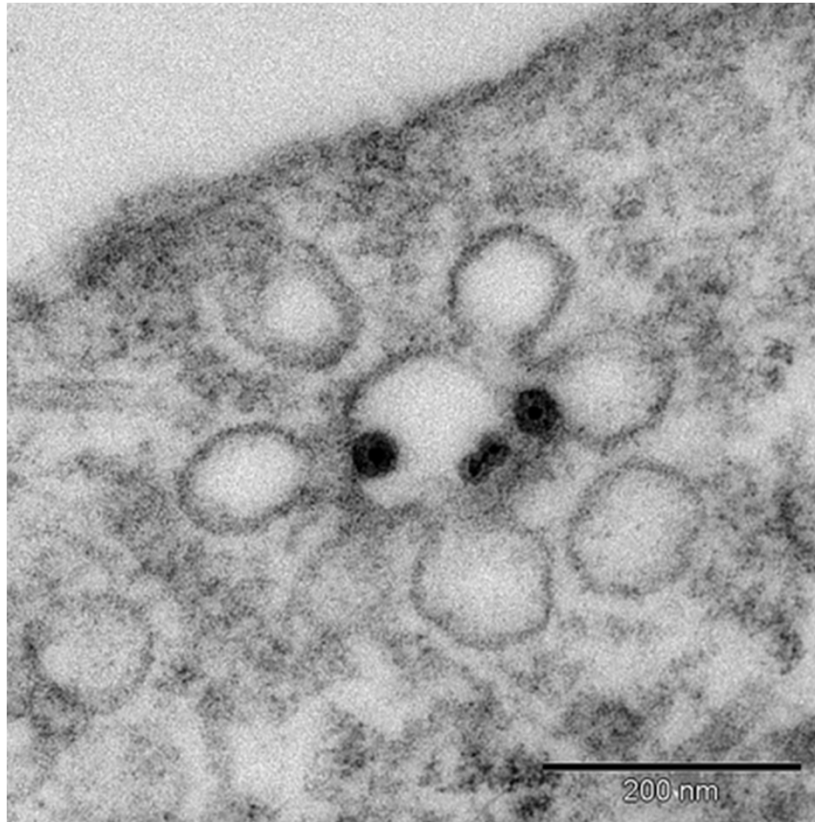
Wick et al 2010

Intracellular uptake of nano-sized material

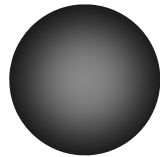


adapted from Conner SD et al., 2003; Geiser M et al., 2005, and Krug HF et al., 2006

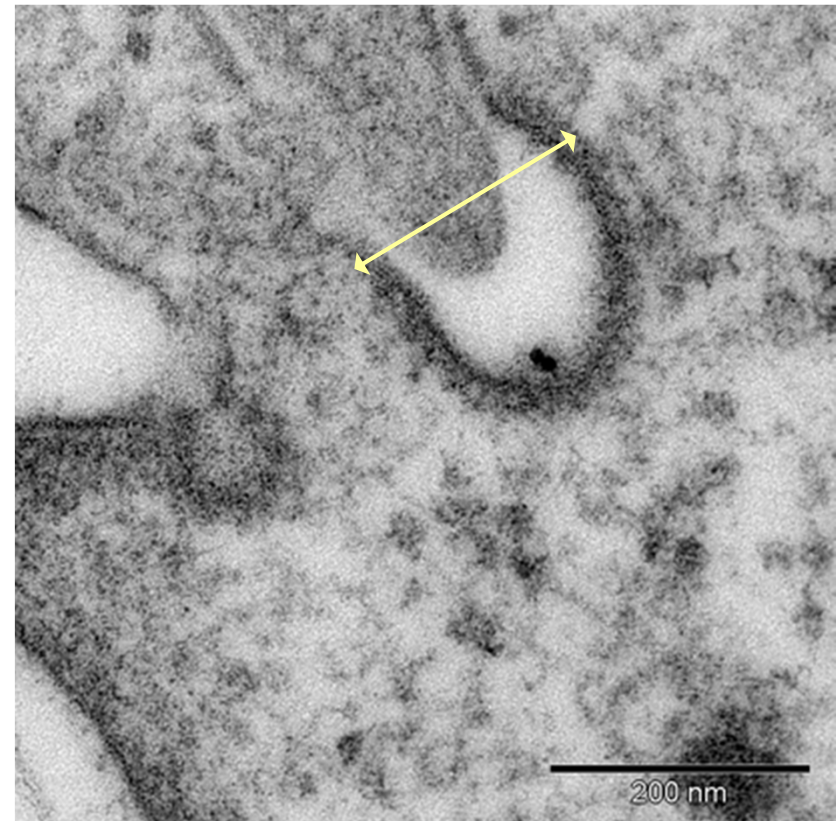
Caveoli – nanoparticle shuttle



↔ 10 nm iron oxide core
↔ 38 nm SiO₂ shell

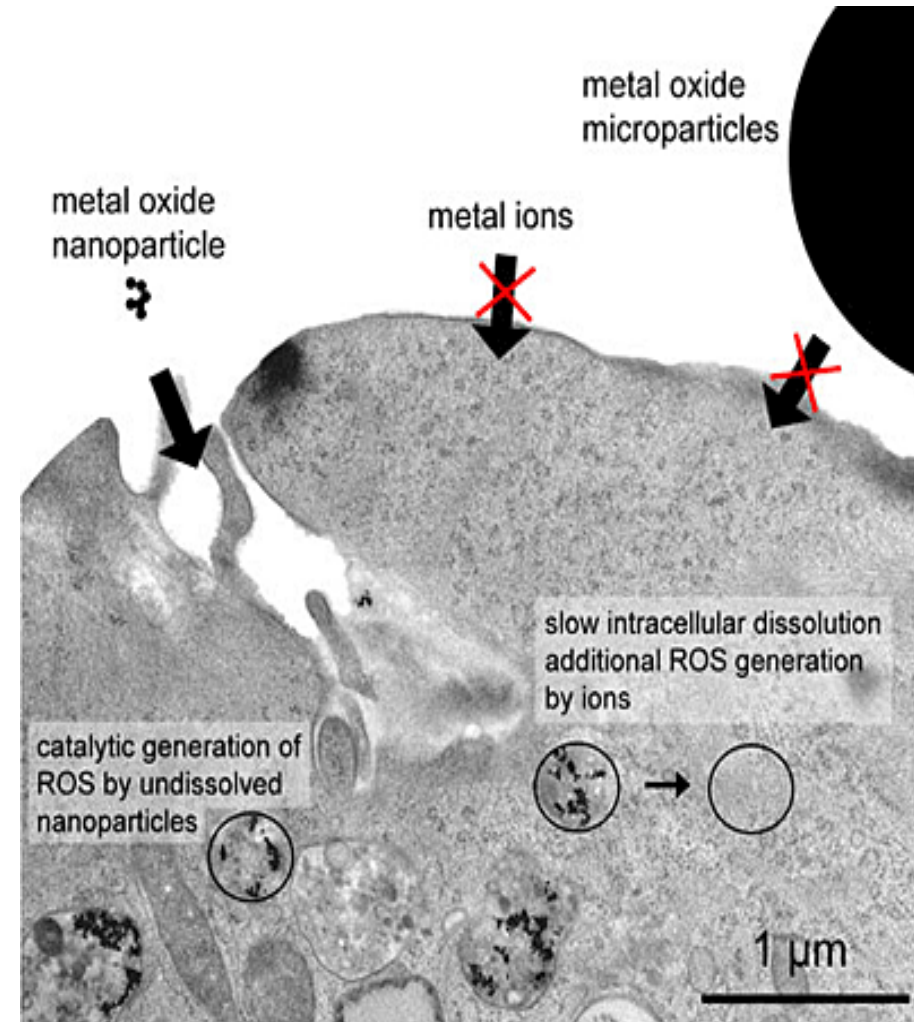


↔ 10 nm iron oxide core
↔ 22 nm SiO₂ shell

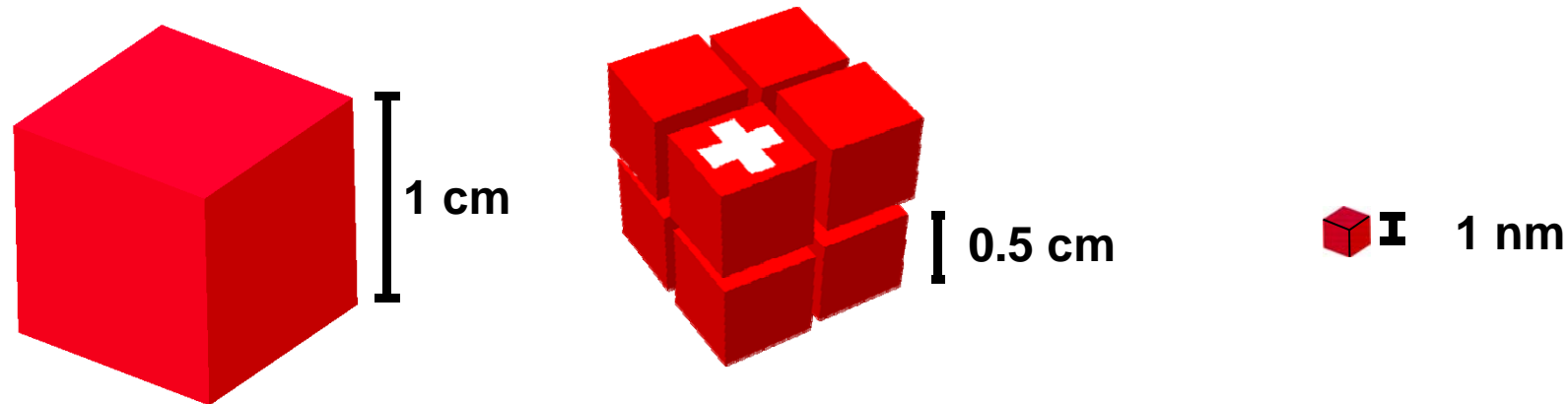


The Trojan Horse mechanism

- Nanomaterials were taken up and may reach cells or tissues which were not affected when exposed to its bulk or ionic form
- Promising opportunity for pharmaceutical engineering
- Modulate the bioavailability of xenobiotic
- Understanding the underlying mechanism necessary for both the pharmaceutical as well as toxicological science



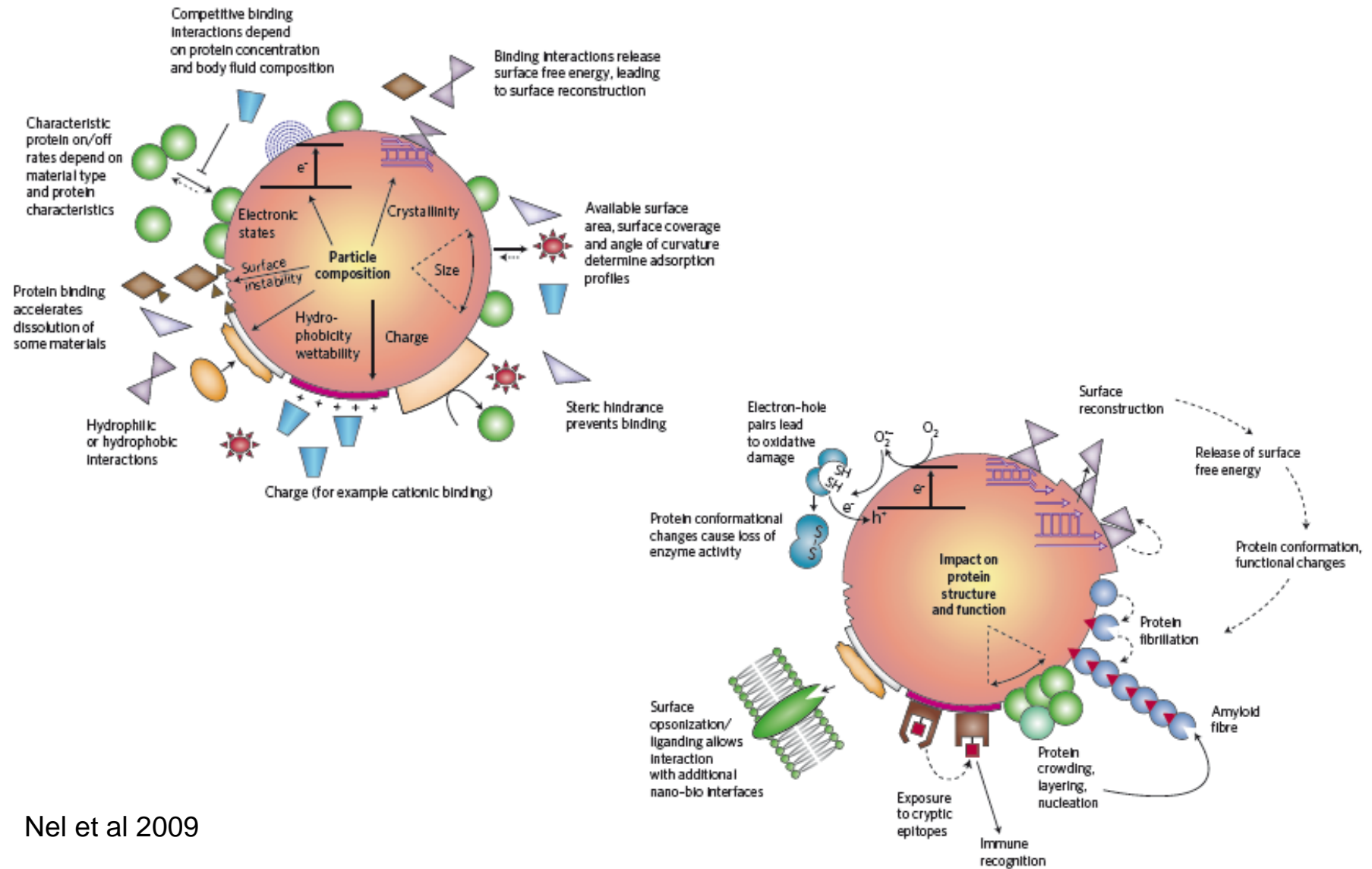
2. Surface / volume ratio of NPs



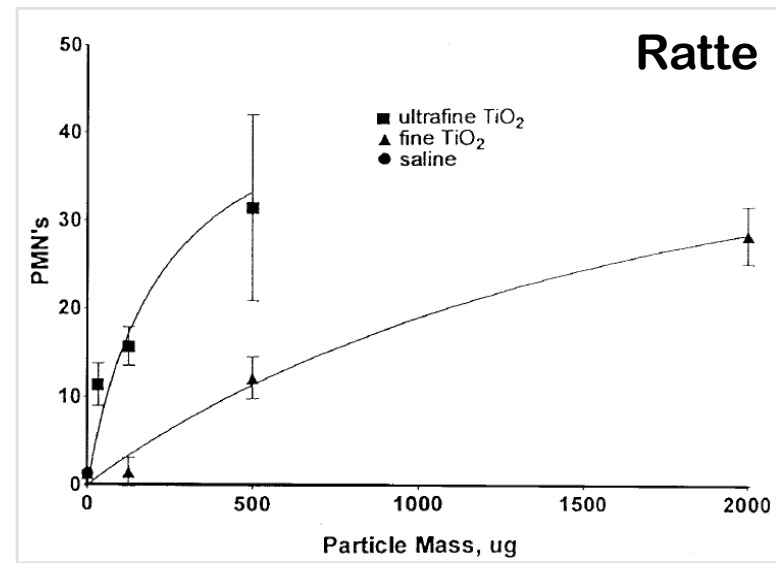
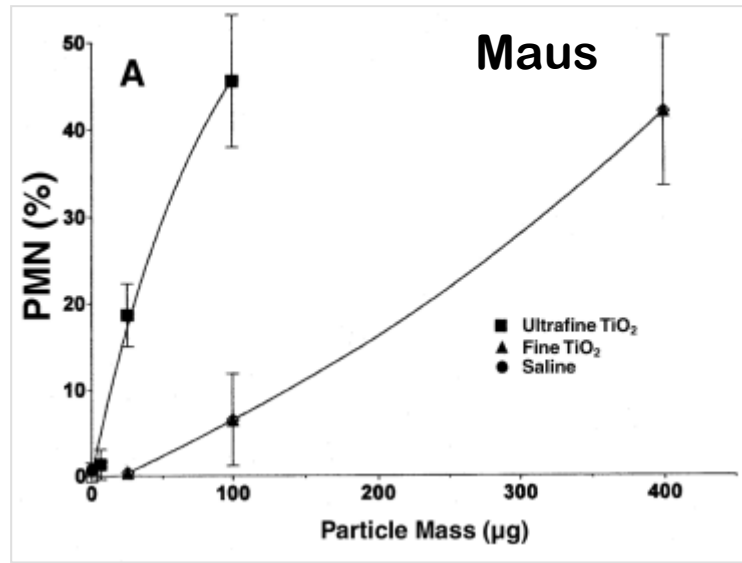
1 cube:	1 cm^3	8 cubes:	1 cm^3	10^{21} cubes:	1 cm^3
surface:	6 cm^2	surface:	12 cm^2	surface:	6000 m^2
mass:	1g (density of 1)	mass:	1g (density of 1)	mass:	1g (density of 1)

similar mass, but 10 Mio. larger surface

Surface effects: key element for NPs – cell interactions

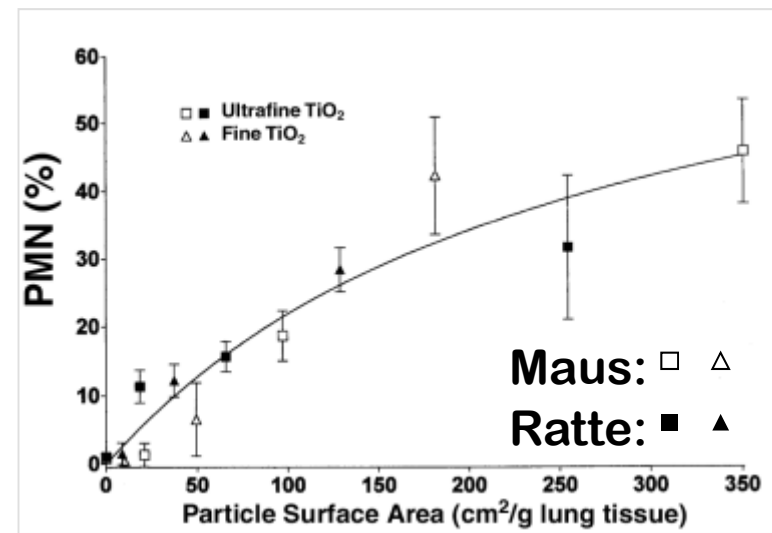


Acute effects of nanoparticles in the lung

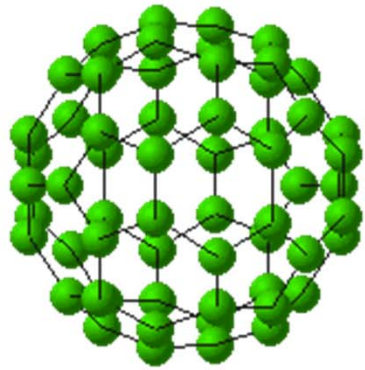


Inflammatory cell response in lung lavage (procent of Neutrophils) 24hr after intratracheal instillation of fine (~250 nm) or ultrafine (~20 nm) TiO₂ particles in rats and mice.

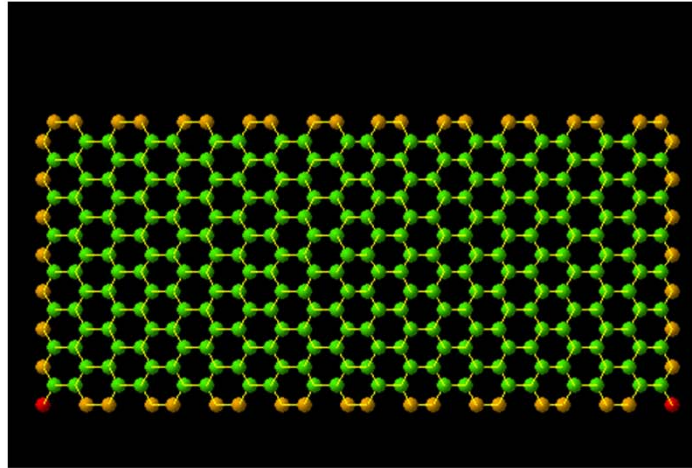
Oberdörster et al., 2000: HEI-Report 96
Oberdörster 2001: Int. Arch. Occup. Environ. Health, 74, 1-8



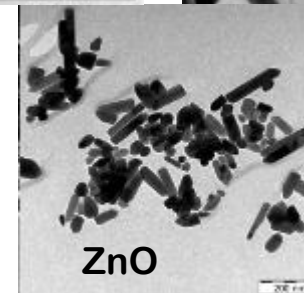
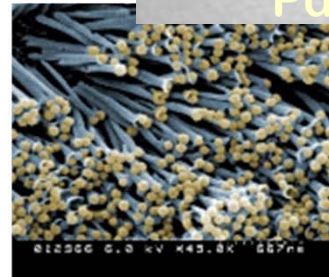
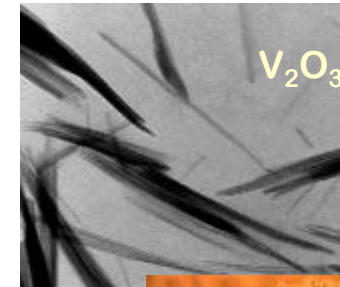
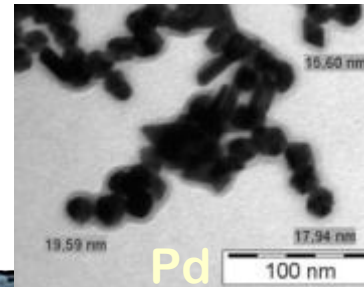
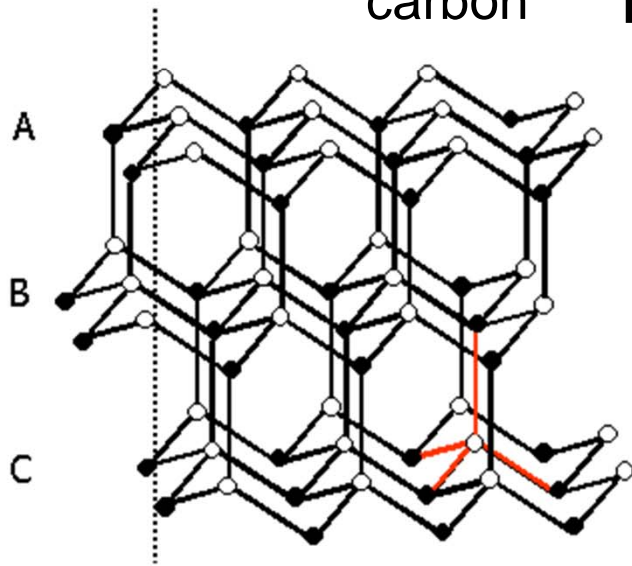
3. One Material – different appearance



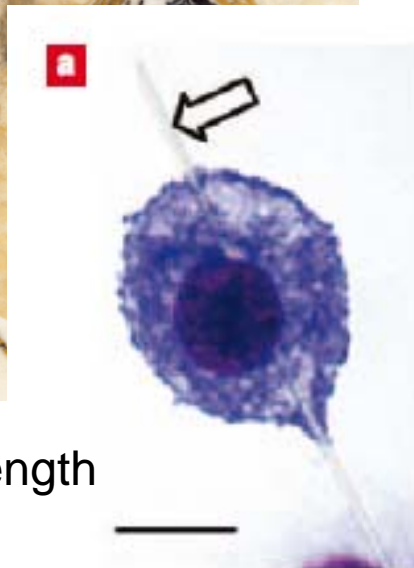
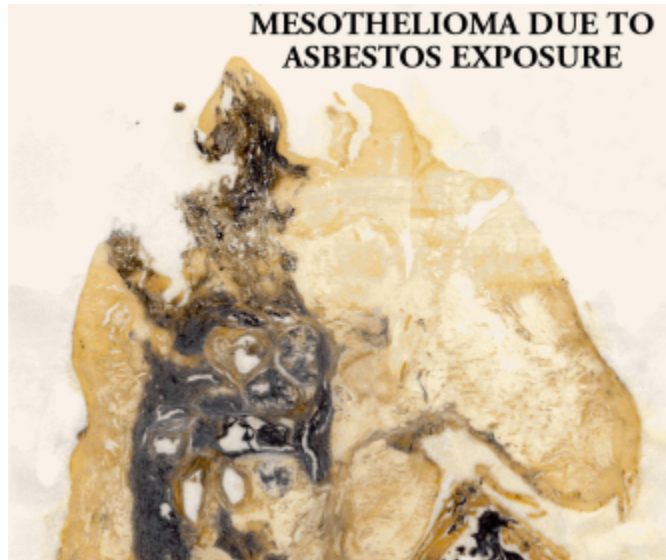
carbon



and others...



Fibre paradigm



- > 50 µm in length
- rigid
- biopersistent

Donaldson et al. *Particle and Fibre Toxicology* 2010, 7:5
<http://www.particleandfibretoxicology.com/content/7/1/5>



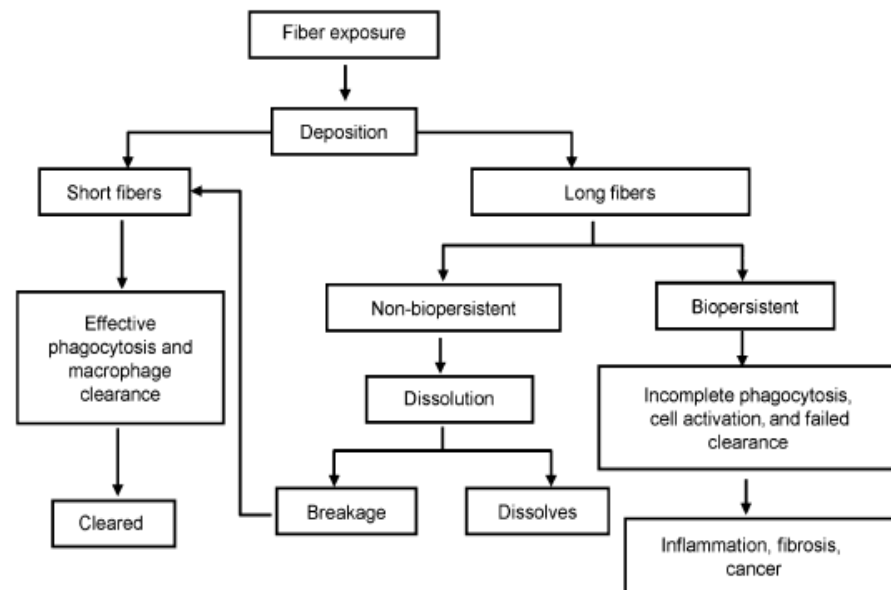
REVIEW

Open Access

Asbestos, carbon nanotubes and the pleural mesothelium: a review of the hypothesis regarding the role of long fibre retention in the parietal pleura, inflammation and mesothelioma

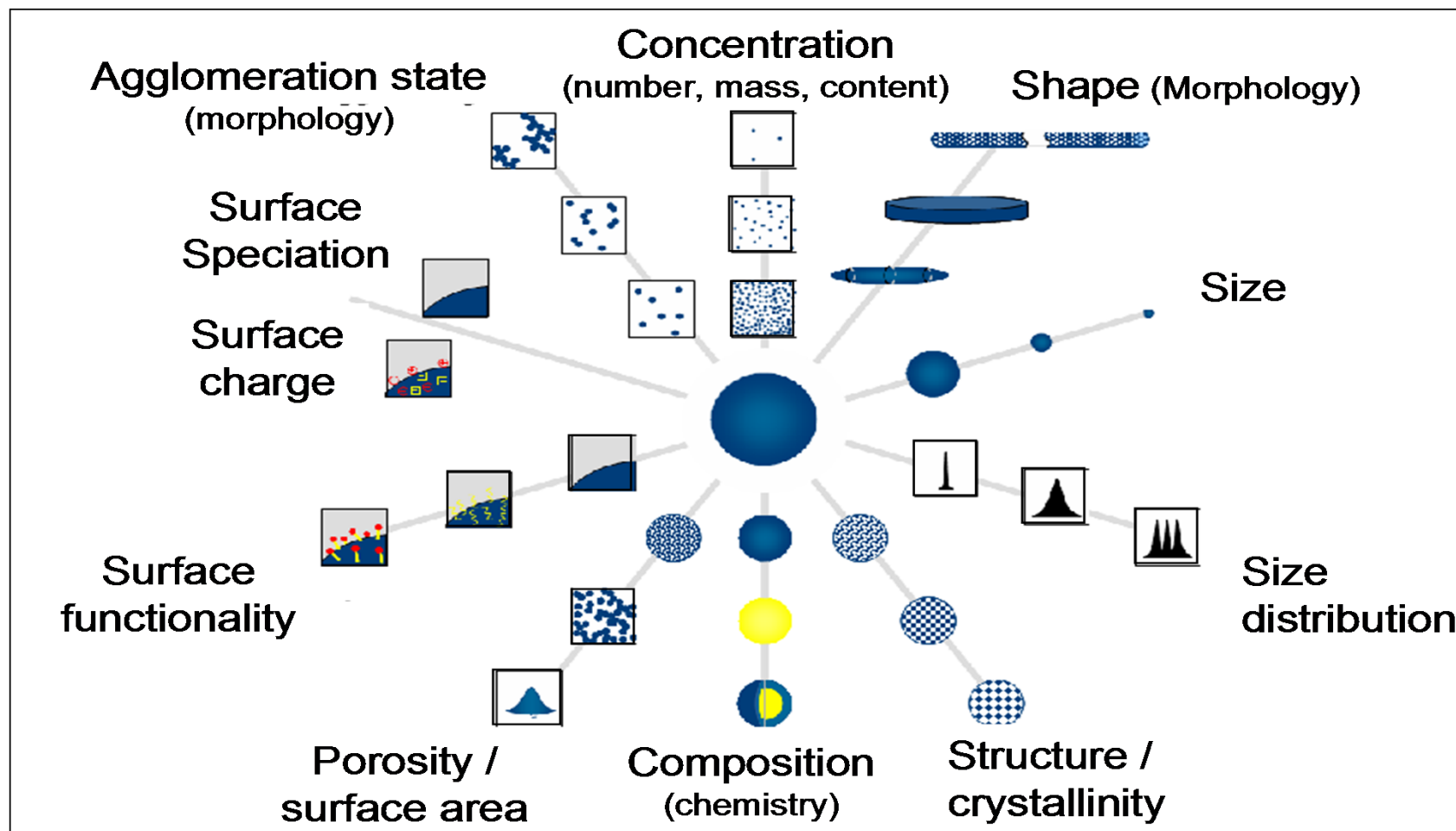
Ken Donaldson*, Fiona A Murphy, Rodger Duffin, Craig A Poland

Donaldson et al. (2010) *Part. Fibre Toxicol*, 7, 5

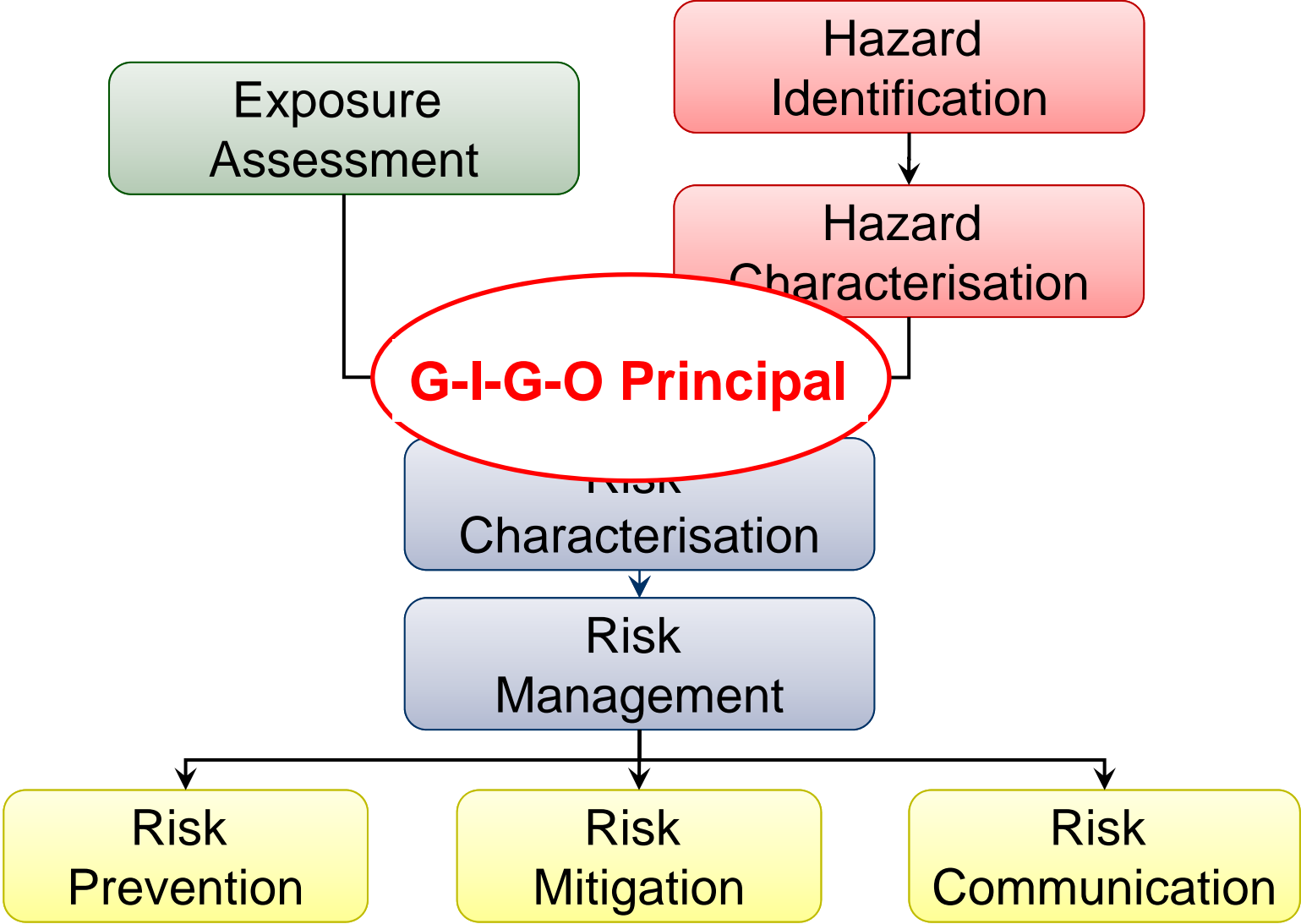


Donaldson et al 2006

Comprehensive material characterization is necessary prior to any biological work

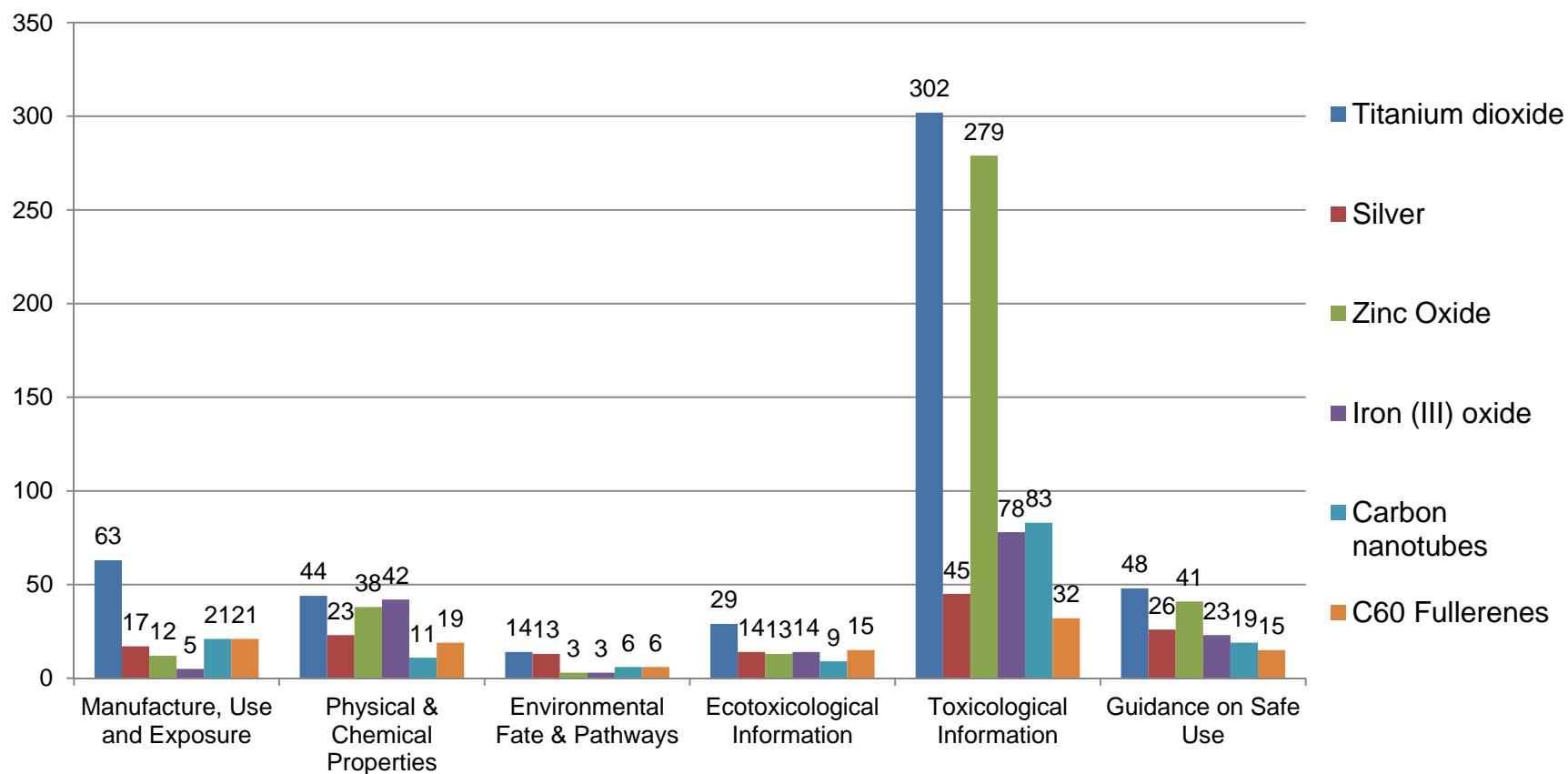


Risk Assessment is important



Review of nano-EHS data availability

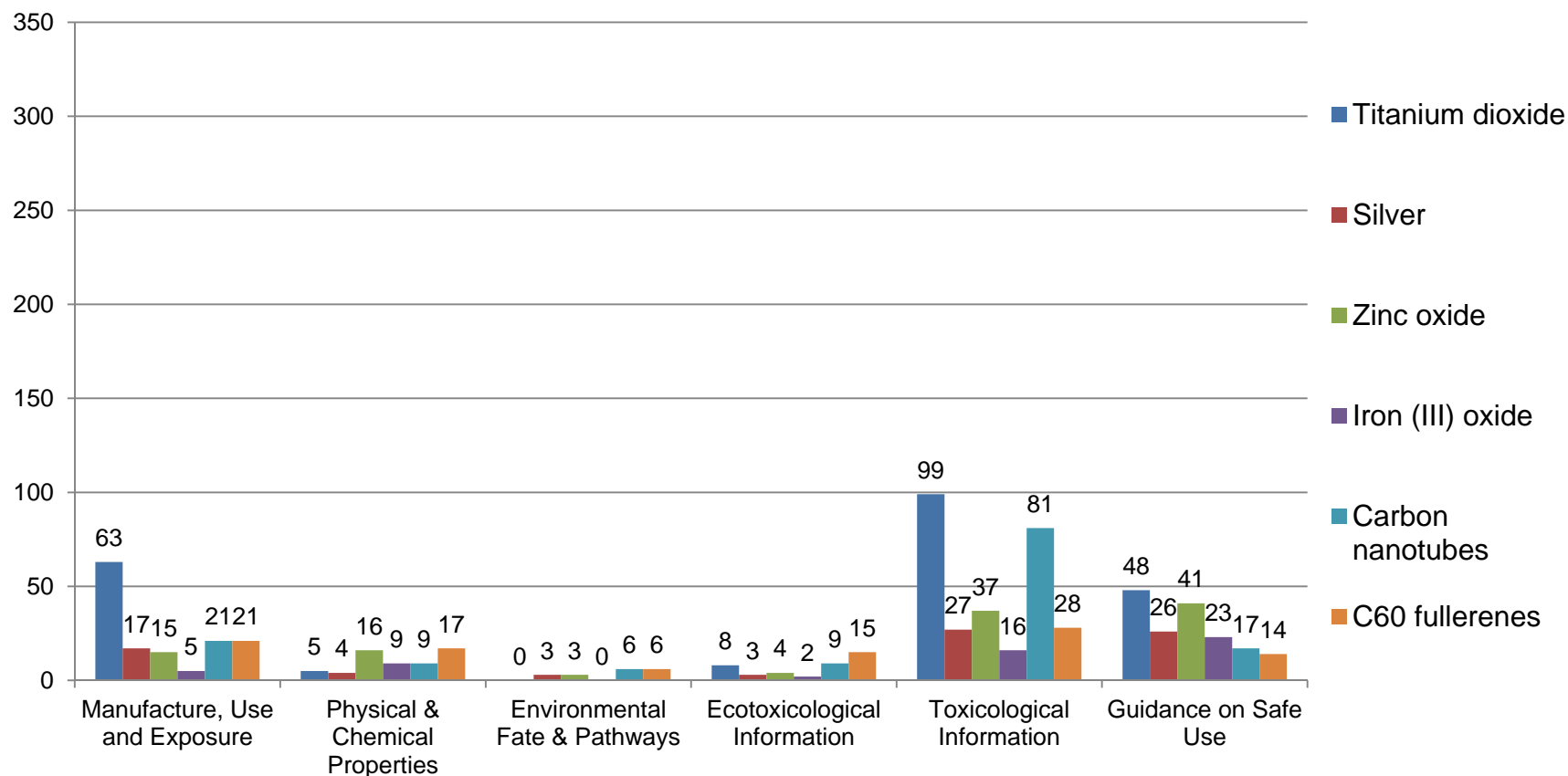
Number of total data records in DBs



Hristozov et al., 2012

Review of nano-EHS data availability

Number of usable data records in DBs



Hristozov et al., 2012

Toxicology in the 21st Century for Nanomaterials

Toxicology for the twenty-first century

Thomas Hartung

The testing of substances for adverse effects on humans and the environment needs a radical overhaul if we are to meet the challenges of ensuring health and safety.



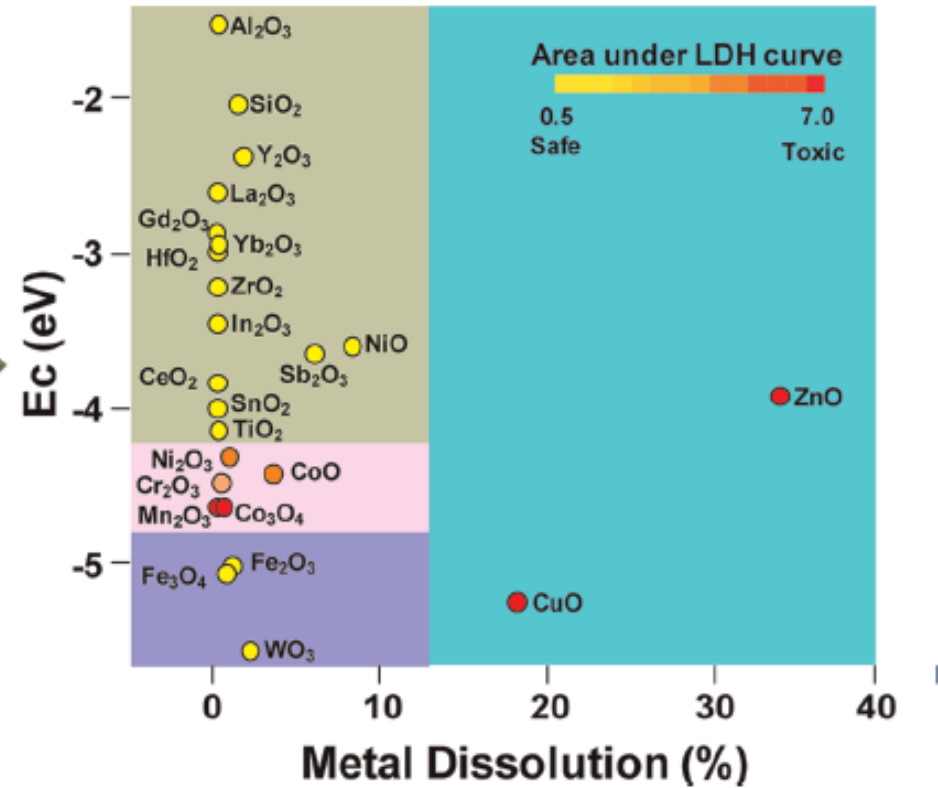
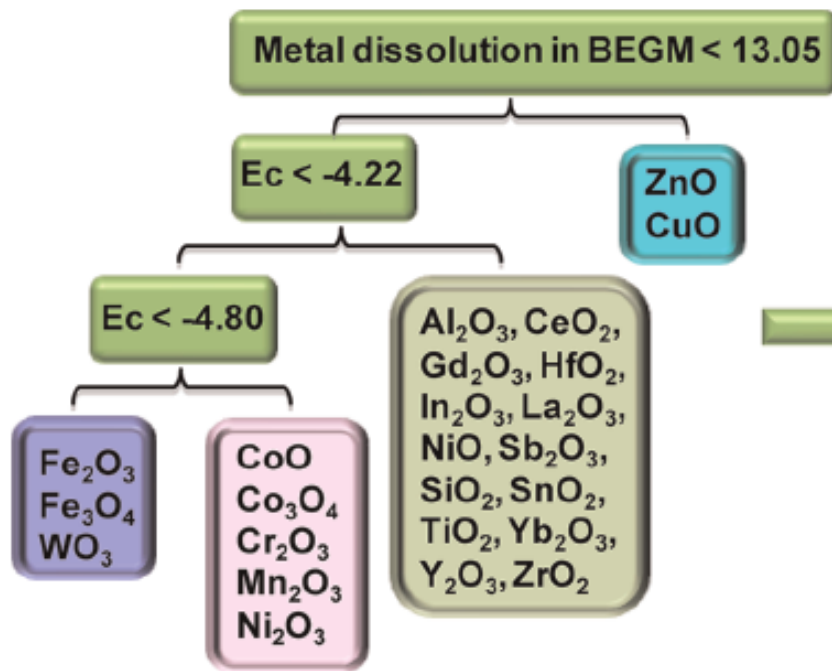
Hartung T (2009) Toxicology for the twenty-first century.
Nature 460: 208-212

QSAR for nanoparticles

Al₂O₃ SiO₂ Y₂O₃ La₂O₃ Gd₂O₃ Yb₂O₃ HfO₂ ZrO₂ In₂O₃ NiO Sb₂O₃ CeO₂ ZnO SnO₂ TiO₂ Ni₂O₃ CoO Cr₂O₃ Co₃O₄ Mn₂O₃ Fe₂O₃ Fe₃O₄ CuO WO₃

B

Regression Tree



Reliable acute nano-tox testing strategy



NANO LETTERS
2006
Vol. 6, No. 6
1261-1268

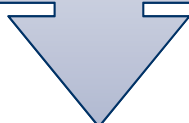
Oops They Did It Again! Carbon Nanotubes Hoax Scientists in Viability Assays

J. M. Worle-Knirsch, K. Pulskamp, and H. F. Krug*

The reliability and limits of the MTT reduction assay for carbon nanotubes-cell interaction

Larisa Belyanskaya, Pius Manser, Philipp Spohn, Arie Bruinink, Peter Wick *

NP properties may interfere with current used acute tox test system(s) and provoke false negative or positive results



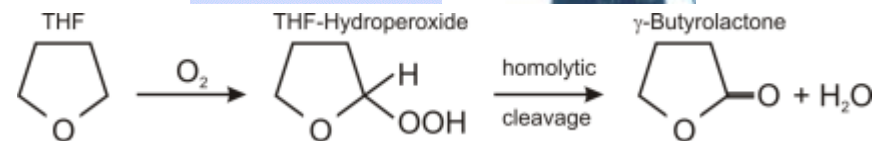
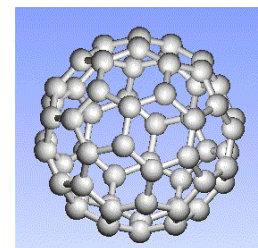
Inter-laboratory differences in NP tox assessment



Insecurity not only by the consumer, but also NGOs, authorities, researchers and industries



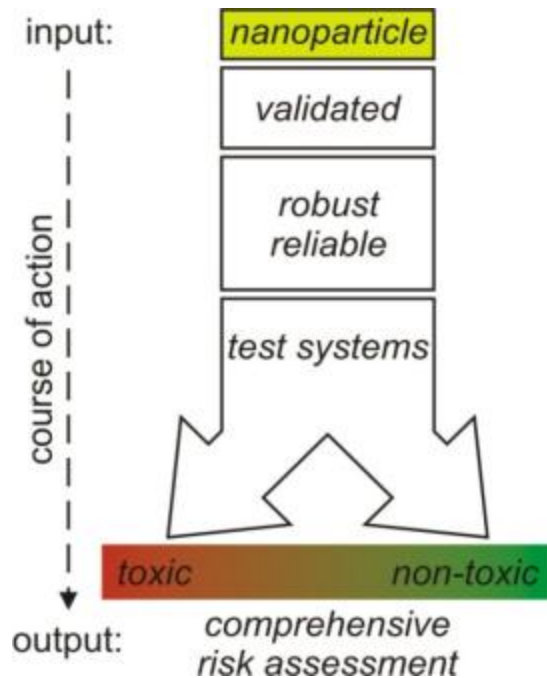
Only sustainable and safe (nano-) technological products / applications will be successful on the market



Spohn et al 2009




Reduction of uncertainties by standardization



CCMX
Competence Centre for
Materials Science and Technology



FNSNF
SCHWEIZERISCHER NATIONALFONDS ZUR
FÖRDERUNG DER WISSENSCHAFTLICHEN FÖRDERUNG



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Bundesamt für Umwelt BAFU

Bundesamt für Gesundheit BAG



Industrial relevant nanomaterials: metals, metal-oxides, carbon based and polymers
According to the oxidative stress paradigm: 4 endpoints each at least 2 methods

Outcome: improved test methods for nanomaterials including quality control
data obtained will be compared with inter-laboratory round robins
test system knowledge will be available for industry
methods will be transferred to ISO and / or OECD guidelines
can be combined with other activities if desired

Risk assessment strategies



ACCOUNTS
of chemical research

Toward the Development of Decision Supporting Tools That Can Be Used for Safe Production and Use of Nanomaterials

CLAUDIA SOM, BERND NOWACK, HARALD F. KRUG,*
AND PETER WICK

*Empa, Swiss Laboratory for Materials Science and Technology,
Lerchenfeldstrasse 5, 9014 St. Gallen, Switzerland*

RECEIVED ON FEBRUARY 9, 2012

Summary and Conclusions

- Motivation of nanosafety research is to support nanotechnology
- Nanosafety research is a real interdisciplinary field which combines material science, chemistry, physics, analytics, life sciences and toxicology
- 3 principles guide the nanosafety research
- Risk assessment demands quality management for data
(standardized methods or reference materials should become standard for hazard ranking studies)
- Decrease the insecurity by consumer, industry, regulatory bodies and researcher
- Contribute to a fact based discussion about the chances and risks of nanomaterials



Rösslein et al 2011 Nanomedicine



Collaborations

- Prof B. Rothen-Ruthishauser and team AMI
- Prof B. Fadeel (Coordinator of FP 7 Nanommune) KI
- Prof U. von Mandach and team USZ
- Dr L. Tran (Coordinator of FP / MARINA) IOM
- Prof W. Jochum and PD R. Hornung KSSG
- Prof B. Yan St. Jude Children's Hospital Memphis
- Dr J. Kelm and Dr W. Moritz Insphero
- Prof Dr U. Graf-Hausner and team ZHAW
- Prof W. Stark and team ETHZ
- Prof H. Hofmann and team EPFL
- Prof Dr J. Huwyler and team UniBasel
- Dr M. Salit and team NIST
- Prof Dr. K Savolinen FIOH

Thank you for your attention

Upcoming workshop

EMPA 
Materials Science & Technology

 **Kompetenzzentrum TEDD**
Tissue Engineering for Drug Development
and Substance Testing

In Vitro Barrier Models: How Reliable and Clinically Relevant are these Systems?



Empa, St.Gallen, Lerchenfeldstrasse 5
March 14, 2013
Online-Registration: www.empa.ch/invitro